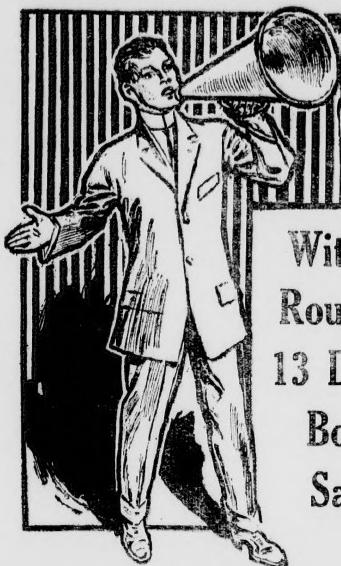


# DIDSBURY PIONEER

Vol. XVIII

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20th 1921

No. 16



We Are Off  
With a Rousing 13 Days Boot Sale

## High Prices Are Doomed

The downfall has come--now we're back to the "Good Old Days."

**Come!** Join the merry throng. There'll be something doing here.

## The Sale is Now in Full Swing

Nothing held back—all shoes reduced. Our big posters are now out, yet showing only a few of the many bargains we are offering. This sale closes April 30th.

TERMS CASH

**J. V. BERSCHT**

## Phone Us Your Meat Orders

And we will deliver to any part of town in the forenoon.

### Specials in Smoked Meats

Picnic Hams, 25c per lb. Cured Hams, 32c and up  
Bacon, 45c per lb. and up Bologna, 2 lbs. 35c

### Specials in Fresh Meats

Pork Shoulders, 23c and up Pork Spareribs 25c lb  
Boiling Beef, 10c lb. and up.

**N. A. COOK,**  
Phone 127 Butcher

**Wanted Ads. See page 6**

## Town Takes Over Land of C. & E. For Taxes

Didsbury's suit to recover the taxes owed by the C. and E. Townsite Company has resulted in an agreement being come to between the Company and town officials to take over their lands in the town for their indebtedness of \$11,561.25, with penalties, costs and interest that are all subject to the approval of the Minister of Finance at Edmonton. The taxpayers will therefore have to keep knocking up this amount of money out of their own pockets until such time as the town can bring this property back into tax producing revenue.

Another set back is the fact that the Calgary and Edmonton Land Company have applied to the Utilities Commission to have their much divided land taken out of the town which will still further reduce the revenue producing property in the town limits unless the Council are successful in opposing this application.

## Local Hen Lays Two Eggs a Day

The Calgary papers have been reading with some enthusiasm the fact that they have hens in that city that are laying large sized eggs. Ishaw, that's nothing we have here in Didsbury that lay two eggs a day. Mrs. M. Weber, of the Better Way Poultry Yards, reports that one of her hens laid ten eggs in seven days last week and did not stop production, nor at that size it kept on laying every day since and also before that.

This can be proved as there are all-sop nestled and records kept each day of their production and Mr. Weber is ready to take an affidavit if this is true. Any person who knows him can take his word for this.

This hen is one of their own breeding stock for several generations and its progenitors were all extra good layers. If by selection, the same in animal life, the hen can be made to produce in quantities the same as this hen is doing it beats the large sized egg to a trifle as a means of supplying the market with a commodity that is always in great demand.

## Of Interest to Hog Raisers

The following notice from W. J. Elliott of the U. G. G., Calgary, was received by Mr. Fred Magie on Monday last.

Please note that Swift Co. have notified the Galaxy Livestock Exchange that the following grades will apply on hogs and same will become effective April 18th 1921. Undoubtedly the other packers will follow. We are fighting this and think that the Livestock Exchange will do the same.

The grades and cuts are as follows:  
Selects 120 to 250  
Lights, 120 and down 2c cut  
Heavies, 250 to 300 2c cut  
Extra Heavies 310 up 2c cut  
Smooth sows 2c cut  
Lough sows 2c cut  
Stags (same) 2c cut  
Piggy sows (same) 2c cut  
Cripples According to value

## Results Easter Exams.

### RESULTS GRADE VIII

Honors—Opal Hall.  
Pass—Ruby Humpurger, Myrtle Brown, Rosalie Gunn, Helen Reed, Hazel Bricker, Edith Thompson, Laura Lissener, Russell Berscht, Ada Simon, Grace Humpurger, Arthur Gugia, Laetitia Smith, Kath-

## Save for College



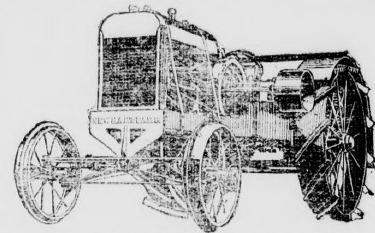
THE wisest thing you can do for your boy is to teach him to save. Open a savings account for him in the UNION BANK OF CANADA and let him present to meet his college expenses. The account will steadily grow, when he knows he is saving with a definite object in view.

\$1.00 deposited every week for 10 years, with interest at 3% would accumulate, with compound interest to \$462.72.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

Didsbury Branch  
Carstairs Branch

A. E. Ryan, Manager  
J. W. Gillman, Manager



## The Hart-Parr Tractor

You can see this sturdy Tractor any day in our yard, and you will like it. Its many good horse-sense features of construction and accessibility will appeal to you, and coupled with its good reputation and price at hundred dollars below any other tractor of its size, they make it a very attractive proposition.

**G. A. WRIGGLESWORTH, Phone 41 Didsbury**

## Didsbury Concert Hall

FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

April 23rd & 24th

GREAT COMEDY DRAMA

Douglas MacLean in

## "Mary's Ankle"

Also a Cat's Comedy and another Colored Picture.

Admission 50c & 35c

## Didsbury Concert Hall

ben Osmund, Evelyn Lissener, Alfene Schmidke, Anna Waller, Walter Hermann, Below Pass—Frank Burgess, Edy Hall.

### GRADE VII

Honors—Elmer Evans  
Pass—Tina McMillen, Edna Thompson, Colie Campbell, Willie Wood, Laura Smith  
Below Pass—Howard Larson, Ned Humpurger, Peter Novak, Teacher, W. H. Maister.

Laura of Calgary will give in Zella Schoolhouse Tuesday night at 8 p.m. the 26th inst. an illustrated lecture on "Peace River". A number of original pictures. Collection for missions.

### OPTIMISM

If things are wrong,  
Let's make 'em right;  
If things are dull,  
Let's make 'em bright;

If they're bad,  
Let's make 'em good;

If we're poor,  
To make 'em better;

J.R. Long



# W. J. HILLYARD

## Didsbury's Harness Shop

**WE ARE ALL SET** with everything in the HARNESS LINE you need for going on the land:-

**Plough Harness, Team Harness, Bridles, Tugs, Martingales, Pole Straps, Hame Straps.**  
All at a **SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTION** on last year's prices.

You cannot buy better or cheaper harness anywhere else than in your own home town.

**Remember---WE MEET** all competitors on price and quality.



## Lumber News

Is interesting reading if you're about to build. Note our claims about lumber and you'll find we always "make good."

### Spring Building

Will be lively. We know from orders already booked. Get in the swim and buy your lumber from us at new greatly reduced prices. Just as well to have an A1 article when it comes no higher, isn't it.

### ATLAS LUMBER CO.

T. THOMPSON, Manager  
Phone 125

Didsbury

## A Work of Art

Art may be found in every phase of life. In the statue of Venus, in the paintings of Rembrandt, in the voice of a Caruso, in the product of skilled craftsmen.

Art in inner rim frames is personified in the REALFIT.

And in with its grace and beauty, it embodies dignity and durability. The sound gold filled frame is practically unbreakable. The Zylonite rim is crimped on. No pins; no rivets.

### M. M. Mecklenburg

Eye Specialist, at Rosebud Hotel, May 7th. Olds, May 6th.

### HIGHLAND

Mr. Joe Parnell and Percy Blain are busy these days cutting fence posts and poles.

Well how about the high water in Nitchie Valley this year, and are they going to use the "Ark" again?

Last week Percy Blain brought home the bacon again with his 22 cal. high power, killing a coyote at 400 yards on the run. He shot twice, making direct hits both times.

Fred Admussen is laying shingles for Ben Good of Bergen.

Mike Stumpf is taking a homestead and Soldiers' grant in Highland. Mike says there are too many footballers near Elkin so he is going to try baseballers a while.

Highland's last dance was well attended, and as for music Mr. Hoxie of Bergen produced some real music for the band.

Well how about a little baseball this season, there is a likely looking

bunch of ball tossers here now, so let's proceed to lay aside the daring toves stuff and get the rust out of our joints.

Elkin is sending out scouts already for baseball men, so beware Westcott this year.

### Rheumatism

Neuritis, Sciatica, Neuralgia.

### Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Have brought good health to half-a-million sufferers.

A healthful, money-saving remedy, well known for fifteen years, prescribed by doctors, engineers, agriculturists, etc. Ask our agent or write for a free trial package. Templeton, 142 King W., Toronto.

A. A. BIERNES, Local Agent.

### The Didsbury Pioneer

Member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers' Association.

H. E. Osmond, Editor & Prop.

F. H. Osmond, Ass't. Editor

Subscription: \$2.00 per year

U. S. Points: \$2.50 per year

WEDNESDAY APRIL, 20th 1921

There seems to be more than a suspicion that some cases of scarlet fever have occurred in town and not been reported to the proper authorities by the parents.

If this is so strict watch should be kept of the children and the slightest suspicion that such is the case should be reported to the Officer of Public Health, Dr. Evans. We know that this is not a very nice thing to have to do but it is a crime when the health and lives of children are jeopardized and heavy expenses incurred by parents because of the dislike of some people to be quarantined. For the sake of the general public the authorities should investigate such cases and if it is found that people are not taking the proper precautions they should be made to suffer the full penalty of the law. There has been only a few cases of this disease in town since the beginning of the year, but there is a strong suspicion that what cases have occurred have come from allowing children who have had it and not been reported to attend school and mingle with other children. The penalty for this infraction is a \$50 fine or a term in jail.

\* \* \*

The town Council are debating the question of how going back to the old system of taxing improvements on property. The government has completely backed down on its much lauded single tax legislation in towns and cities. They found that while it was a splendid thing in theory that practice has proven that it cannot be "done," so they are allowing urban municipalities to gradually revert back to the old system of taxation and also allowing them to soak on any other tax that may appeal to them.

### RUGBY

The young people's Society met in the Rugby School on Tuesday evening April 15th.

The meeting was opened by the singing of "O Canada" after which the Secretary read the minutes of the last meeting. They then proceeded to business. President Pat Worthington occupied the Chair. Mr. James Huges was nominated Vice-President and Mr. Trell Worthington Literary Convenor. A press agent elected by secret ballot. This done a few rules and regulations were laid down. It was decided to discontinue the meetings until after seeding. The next meeting will be held the first week in June.

After the business was over with the rest of the evening was spent playing games. The meeting adjourned at 11:30, a very enjoyable evening.

### SPRINGSIDE

The Springside farmers have started to work on their land.

Mr. Mrs. and Miss Douth, Mr. and Mrs. LeClair and Miss Hobbs were visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Legault last Sunday.

Was there a bachelor's party at the home of Johnson Bros. on Sunday? Miss Hilda Hobbs spent her weekend at her home in Calgary.

### WESTCOTT

Editor Pioneer.

Dear Sir.—After along breathing spell I will try to give you a few Westcott items so that our little burg won't be forgotten. Several of our farmers have moved out and others have taken their places. The cheese factory has taken its flight but we still have some crackers left. Some of our thrifty farmers have installed electric lights, some have gas lights while the bachelors say they will get themselves an Israelite, so then we will all be able to step in the light and see the stumbling blocks. We also have a weather prophet who predicted that the month of March would be a tanner while the first of

### Tennis Shoes--Men's, Boys', Women's, Misses & Child's on Sale This Week and all Next

I know the season is just commencing but to tell you the truth I am overstocked. I did get a very good deal on Canvas Shoes, but to see the quantity I had to take would stagger you. So here they go at prices for less than wholesale.

Men's brown lace, red smooth sole, regular \$2.75, for \$1.95  
Men's brown lace, black sole, regular \$2.50, for ..... 1.70  
Men's white lace, white sole, regular \$2.75, for ..... 1.95  
Men's white Oxfords, white sole, regular \$2.50, for ..... 1.65  
Boys' brown running shoe, red sole, regular \$2.50, for 1.75  
Boys' brown running Oxford, black sole, reg. \$2.00, for 1.85  
Boys' white running Oxford, white sole, reg. \$2.10, for 1.50  
Ladies' white tennis shoe, white sole, regular \$2.50, for 1.70  
Ladies' white tennis Oxford, white sole, reg. \$2.25, for 1.65  
Ladies' street shoe, high top, rubberized, reg. \$3.50, for 2.50  
Misses white tennis shoe, white sole, regular \$2.25, for 1.50  
Misses white tennis Oxford, white sole, reg. \$2.00, for 1.35  
Misses white or brown sandals, regular \$1.50, for ..... 95  
Child's white or brown sandals, regular \$1.35, for ..... 95  
Child's black lace shoe, regular \$1.50, for ..... 1.12 1/2  
Men's extra heavy top, reinforced with leather, heavy sole and solid rubber heel; wears like leather, regular \$4.50, for ..... 2.95

### J. E. HUGET

Location—VOGEL'S STUDIO.

My prices are lower. See me first or last.

## John F. Miller

### Alberta's Eyes Sight Specialist

of Calgary, 404 Underwood Block, will be at the Rosebud Hotel, Didsbury, on

### Friday, April 29th

For the purpose of examining and correcting defective eyes of old and young. REMEMBER THE DATE.

### April Bill Seventy Years Old

April would be a fooler and the rest of the month just weather and after that dry, dry, dry, for a long time. But the said sun can still have his port, the former rains his rays. C. has his two peacock, the cotton has given its gins, the sea coast have its bats and everyone will be satisfied.

Vours for a little fun  
Billy Monday.

### Bill Seven Years Old

W. J. Martin presented the following clipping from a newspaper, printed seventeen years ago. The old bill was as follows:—

"Having sold my farm and intend moving to Missouri, I will sell at public sale 1 mile west and 4 miles south of Harrisburg, Kentucky, on Saturday, September 26, 1850, the following described property to wit: One buck nigger, 25 years old, weight 240 pounds; 4 bigger wenchies, from 18 to 24 years old; 3 nigger boys, 6 years old; 13 nigger hoes, 1 fine sled, 6 yoke of oxen, well broke; 10 ox yokes with hickory bows; 2 ox carts, 6 with 6 inch tires; 1 saddle pony, 5 years old; 1 side saddle; 3 double shovel plows, 2 stamp plows, 10- and 12-inch; 25 1-gallon whisky jugs; 100 gallons apple cider; 1 barrel of good soap; 2 barrels of soap, 2 barrels of kraft, 1 extra good nigger whip, 2 tons of tobacco, 2 years old. Sale will start at 10:30 o'clock, sharp. Terms cash. Col. H. W. Johnson, auctioneer; Bill Crawford, Clerk; Joseph Cooley owner."

### APPLICATION FOR LEASE OF ROAD ALLOWANCE OR SURVEYED HIGHWAY

Notice is hereby given that Barnes Bros. of Didsbury have made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz., between N. W. quarter section 24-31-28-W. 4 and S. W. quarter section 25-31-28-W. 4.

Any protest against the granting of the above mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within 30 days

from the date of this notice.  
Dated at Didsbury, March 15th, 1921.

Burns Bros. Applicants.

NOTICE

The Municipal District of Mountain View No. 310 will pay a Gopher Bounty of 2¢ per tail up to May 15th, 1921, and 1¢ per tail from May 15th, to July 15th, 1921, for gophers caught within the Municipality. Tails may be turned in with any of the Councilors or Overseers.

A. Brusso.

Sec'y-Treas. 315

IT is gratifying to know a Life Insurance Policy is paying you interest, your estate is protected and at the same time you have an assured competency for old age. Get in line and insure with

### THE MONARCH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

C. E. REIBER, Agent.

LOS1—Near Sundre, the following horses:—  
Sorrel horse branded Y on left hip,  
Black Horse branded T on left hip,  
3 Bay Mares branded on left hip,  
Blue Mare branded N on left hip,  
Blue yearling horse—No brand.

James Forbes, Sundre P. O.

All horses branded on right hip are the property of W. H. DAVIES, S. E. Q. Sec. 432-4, W. 6, Didsbury.

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LOS2—One yearling male and one yearling female colt, two bay yearlings. All branded B on right thigh. HAENER BROS., Elston P. O. if

# PEOPLE, BOOKS AND THINGS

A WEEKLY CAUSERIE OF MATTERS—TREATED  
IN LIGHTER VEIN

**AN ONTARIO TRAGEDY—  
PROHIBITION AND PARTISANS—THE COMING OF  
WINTER—HEATHER FROM SCOTLAND—SLOW TIME—  
TWO POSSIBLE GOVERNORS OF SASKATCHEWAN.**

A sad tragedy is reported from Ontario in connection with the enforcement of the temperance act. A raid was planned upon an inn that was reported to be contravening the law. Amongst the raiders was a Methodist minister who held the position of inspector under the act. A mix-up occurred when the officials rushed the premises and the inn keeper fell dead from a bullet fired by the clerical official. He was arrested and a great deal of feeling has developed over the incident.

This is, of course, a most regrettable occurrence and can hardly fail of arousing very bitter feelings. Whatever my personal opinions may be, I am not going to give expression to them, either for or against prohibition, but I cannot refrain from making some remarks about appointing strong partisans to official positions under the government in connection not only with the enforcement of the law in respect to the sale of liquors, but connection with the expression of public opinion on the question of prohibition.

In some of the western provinces special prominence has been given to prominent prohibition advocates employed for the purpose of advising legislation administering it and obtaining expression of public opinion. In view of the fact that there are a good many good and worthy citizens who do not believe in a bone dry law this does not seem quite a fair deal. No law, particularly a radical one, may be enforced without strong public sentiment behind it and it was the duty of the government to see that a really popular vote is polled. It is difficult to attain this end if the machinery employed is entirely in the hands of the advocates of only one side of the question. Some doubt is already arising in the minds of some of the people of the western provinces as to whether the recent prohibition vote was really a full expression of public sentiment. The prohibition majorities were not so large as to set all doubts at rest on this subject. If any political party were to appoint rabidly partisan officials to control the political machinery of the country a cry would go up to Heaven against it; and it, therefore, seems a little difficult to understand why such a course should be followed in regard to prohibition matters.

Understand, I am not posing as either a prohibition advocate or the reverse; all I am trying to say is that nothing should be done to interfere with a perfectly free expression of public opinion.

Last week the Caledonia troop of the Boy Scouts in Regina imported some heather from Scotland and placed it on sale as a means to raise funds for purchasing uniforms and equipment. I bought a bunch and stuck it in my hat and forgot all about it. During the course of the day whilst at a store I noticed one of the young men behind the counter regarding me rather curiously. At last he came forward and said with a softness in his voice of the exile, thinking of the things from home. "Where did you get it?"

I said, "Get what?" "Oh," he said, "the bonnie bonnie heather; it reminds me of

home." We had a little conversation and he told me he came from the braes of Balloch and that he had served five years in France with the Black Watch. I said, "Did you come through pretty well?" He said, "Oh, yes, better than many another lad; I had a whiff of gas and two or three times some shrapnel, but it doesn't bother me too much." Then he added, "Dae ye think ye could spare me a wee sprig o'?" There was such a wistfulness in his voice that I couldn't refuse him. Nowhere is the love of home stronger than amongst the wide-roaming Scotch. Some whose thoughts whenever they may meet are always turning back to the land of Brown heath and shaggy woods.

From my high window in the McCallum-Hill Building in Regina I can see the first snowfall of the season drifting down in feathered flakes and wrapping the country in its white mantle. The fall has been a long and open one, but owing to the frequent rains which have soaked the ground, the land this year is going to get full advantage of the snow that comes during the winter. There is every indication that a really dry year has been broken and there are excellent prospects for lots of moisture in the ground in spring. In this country a wet fall, followed by any kind of a snowfall almost always presages good grain crops.

Last Sunday the city of Regina and some other western towns went back to slow time to the considerable relief of many housewives. It is a little difficult to understand just exactly what material benefit is gained by the adoption during the summer months of fast time. It is true that it enables office people to have long evenings for golf and kindred amusements but that is hardly a sufficient reason to disturb the domestic habits of an entire community. Housewives particularly are the most bitter complainers. They say that the change of hours is particularly hard on children. It takes some months for the little folks to become adjusted and then when that stage is reached there is another change again. Children are creatures of habit and it is neither good for them nor for the household to completely change the routine.

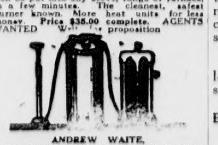
A good deal of speculation has been going on in regard to the appointment of Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan. The term of Sir Richard Lake has expired and there appears to be a little difficulty in finding a successor. The time has long passed when politicians from the east were imported to occupy the position and it is now generally well acknowledged that it belongs to some prominent westerner. Sir Richard Lake has made a splendid governor, indeed one of the best who has ever occupied that position. He belongs to one of those families of the English, the members of which devote themselves to the service of their country with talents and disinterested patriotism. He has been identified with western Canada for many years, has been a member first of the local assembly afterwards of the federal house and has held a number of important public positions. He commands the respect of everybody, and Lady Lake has made a charming and gracious hostess.

There are two names mentioned in connection with the position, and either of the men would occupy it with distinction and ability. One is Donald H. MacDonald of Fort Qu'Appelle, and the other Thos. McKay, of Prince Albert. Both men were born in the Saskatchewan country, and both have

been long identified with it. Mr. MacDonald who, in the very prime of middle age, has had a very successful career. He was at Fort Qu'Appelle about fifty-three years ago, the son of Archibald MacDonald a Highland Scotchman, who for many years was a factor of the Hudson's Bay Company who ruled a vast domain of the prairies with the authority of a potentate. D. H. MacDonald started his business career in the very early days of the settlements by establishing a private bank at Fort Qu'Appelle and engaged in stock raising and farming. He was one of the only two Canadians who had sufficient faith in the country to join the promoters of the Saskatchewan Colonization and Colonization projecting the most successful colonization scheme that has ever been consummated in Western Canada. He was a member of the old North West Assembly and for some time was leader of the Opposition to the Haultain-Ross administration. He is one of the largest land owners in the province and has been devoting his time in recent years to improving his holdings and making them productive. Of late he has been doing yeoman service in connection with the raising of funds for the western colonization scheme originated by Mayor Brown of Medicine Hat. He has had considerable experience in public life and is a man of ample means. In addition to his own qualifications his wife, who is the daughter of the late J. H. Benson, who for many years was Sheriff of Regina, would make a graceful châtelaine of Government House. It might however, be difficult to induce Mr. MacDonald to accept the appointment as he is a man of many affairs and a segregation of five years from the business world might impose serious disabilities on him.

Thomas MacKay of Prince Albert is one of the best citizens of Saskatchewan. He comes of the most respectable of Hudson's Bay family that the company has ever produced. His father and grandfather held positions of high authority and their reputations live today amongst the people of the plains. Mr. MacKay, himself, was in the service of the great company when a young man and during his life time has seen the region emerge from the mists of solitude which lay over it since its time began and become a rich, prosperous and progressive agricultural country. He has hunted buffalo on the plains, traded with the Indians and ridden for his life from Indian parties. He was a member of the old North West Assembly where his honesty of purpose, his integrity, and his splendid natural eloquence compelled the admiration of his associates. During the Northwest Rebellion, often in peril of his life, he rendered services which in this connection had never been exceeded by any other citizen in mediating between the rebels in the field and the authorities of the government. For the last decade, he has been living quietly on his farm near Prince Albert and not mingling much in public affairs. He would make a splendid governor. He is, however, a man well up in his years and has reached a time of life when perhaps the burdens and responsibilities of such a high office might prove irksome to him. He is one of our best citizens. It would be a real compliment to the west to have either Mr. MacKay or Mr. MacBride appointed to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Saskatchewan.

  
**ANDREW WAITE,**  
 King Edward Hotel, Guelph, Ontario.  
 KEROSENE GAS & AIR BURNERS  
 Can be put into any stove, range or furnace,  
 burner, etc., and will burn with a safe  
 flame. More heat units for same  
 money. Price \$35.00 complete. AGENTS  
 WANTED. Write for preparation.



ANDREW WAITE,  
 King Edward Hotel, Guelph, Ontario.

# The Personal Side

PROMINENT WESTERN CHARACTERS—SOME INTERESTING ANECDOTES OF PEOPLE WE ALL KNOW

## BRIGADIER GENERAL ARTHUR CURRIE

One summer's night in August, 1914, in the city of Victoria the writer, in a very humble capacity was engaged in military duties at the exhibition grounds, where a large number of hastily mobilized soldiers were encamped.

The camp was in command of Colonel Arthur Currie, who at that time was the commanding officer of a local regiment of Gordon Highlanders. He was handing over his command the following day to another officer and was to proceed to Valcartier to take the position of Brigadier General. The sudden presence of war was oppressing men's minds. The peaceful routine of business and pleasure which had prevailed so long had given way to eminent danger. The future was full of dark possibilities and the manhood of the country was ocking to the cause.

In Victoria it was known that there were German Germans at the coast. Men of Teutonic blood who had been prominent in social and business circles were a little more than suspected of being spies; and there was a state of excitement and unrest. During the course of the afternoon the authorities had learned that one or more persons of German nationality had obtained access to the camp and a patrol to whom ball cartridges had been served out was formed to keep an all night watch.

As darkness fell and the bugles sounded "lights out" and the bustle of the encampment died away Colonel Currie came out and sat on a chair on a little upstairs veranda outside the officers' quarters. He sat there all alone incessantly smoking a short pipe and watching the light fade above the snow peaks of the Olympians.

It was the duty of the writer to pass that place several times during the night and the big bulk of that motionless figure was always there betrayed occasionally by the all glow of the pipe, or when the face gleamed like an impression from Rembrandt in the sudden glow of a match, in the cupped hands.

He sat out the dawn, nor did he stir when the chill morning wind from the straits whimpered through the sleeping city. He remained there the personification of vigilance and thought. I wonder if, during that long night, he visioned the career that was before him; the work of organization and valor; the dreadful days of the first years in France; the loss by heroic death of those who had been his comrades; the nights of waking; the days of deadly eminent danger and the winning of his spurs on the field of battle and the honor of knighthood bestowed on him by his sovereign at the close of a hard fought day.

The career of Colonel Currie reads like a chapter from the old romantic chronicles of Froissart and it is like an echo from Agincourt or Crecy.

He was always fond of soldiering. As a lad he was a bugler and went steadily through every rank until he commanded a regiment. In private life he was engaged in real estate, brokerage and insurance in the city of Victoria, but his heart was in soldiering and he devoted most of his attention to it. He was in command of the fifth regiment of Garrison artillery for some years and during that time the regiment attained the status of being the most efficient in the Canadian militia. Later a crack regiment of the Gordon Highlanders was raised in Victoria and Colonel Currie was given the command of it.

He is a very splendid figure of a man; something over six feet in height, with a portly mien and broad in proportion, and when dressed in the regiments of the Highlanders he was a martial and imposing figure. When Valcartier camp was constituted he was one of the first men to be chosen by the minister of militia as a Brigadier General. On the fields of France and Flanders he won his spurs and earned the mettle of the western pastures which bred him, and the same name when he was the only logical man to command the Canadian army in the field. His work in that capacity has been told within the records of the war and his name will be one to conjure with as long as there is a survivor in Canada who fought in France and Belgium.

At the conclusion of the war he came home to Canada where he was accorded a reception as remarkable as any ever to a popular hero. He accepted his military appointment but he resigned it to become president of McGill University. Last week he was in Western Canada in connection with his university work and met many an old comrade who had been with him in France, in the dark days of 1915-1916.

He is bringing to bear in his work at Canada's greatest university the same executive gifts and the same pleasant but compelling personality which won him loyalty on the field of battle. He is one of Canada's best citizens and is giving of the country. He comes of the strong splendid stock which after carving Ontario out of the primeval forest, spread its sons over the western country where they took strong and vigorous root. He appeals to Canadians on account of his personality, his great and patriotic qualities and most of all because he is one of ourselves.

He is still in the very prime of his days and there should be as great a career before him in the paths of peace as he achieved on the blood-stained battlefields of Europe.

## INSUFFICIENT CARS IN COAL FIELD

Thirteen mines will be idle in the Drumheller field tomorrow for lack of cars to load coal on the National Railways. Only 81 cars are in sight for tomorrow, which is 115 short of the requirements. With the cold weather coming on, the car shortage assumes a more serious aspect.

"Did the fisherman have frog's legs, Bridget?" "Sure, I couldn't see much, he had his pants on."

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REGINA

# Personal Reminiscences

SOME PERSONAL EXPERIENCES OF PIONEERING  
IN WESTERN CANADA DURING A  
PERIOD OF THIRTY YEARS

My father had brought with him from Scotland, as a sort of handy man, a man named Lawrence Lawrenceson, whose chief qualifications for life on the prairie appeared to be that he had been a sailor and a ship's carpenter. The first job he was put to was driving a yoke of oxen. These oxen were provoking brutes. The Nigh one, Jack, was not so bad. He was a red, rangy brute, and always willing on the collar. The Off ox was a great, powerful, long-eared white brute, who rejoiced in the name of Bob. Oxen can be contrary, but this was the contrariest of them all. He was slow, vicious and a shirker. Lawrence was sorely tried when driving these two-headed wretches. He never could master the intricacies of "Off" and "Haw". He taught his team to answer to "Port" and "Starboard"; and he called the lead rope the "painter." It was wonderful to hear him bringing them across the prairie. You could hear him shout "Now Bob, Starboard a little; steady as she goes, then there would be a string of deep water oaths and he would say: "Now please Bob, just a step to Port." Lawrence was not a success in driving oxen and I fell heir to them. About that time my father bought another yoke of oxen from Chet Callander, one of the original Wascana settlers, and I was put to tearing up the prairie with four oxen and a gang plow.

I had a dreadful time with those oxen when I was employing them to break up the stubborn prairie soil. They were hitched two a breast. One team before the other, and I am afraid that the ploughing was of a somewhat zig-zag nature. Before we got the extra yoke of oxen and the gang plough, I had Bob and Jack hitched to an old "prairie queen" breaker. As long as the ploughing was easy they walked along all right, but when they came to a stiff place like some hummocks or a dry slough, Bob at once commenced to hang back. It wasn't so bad when it was only hanging back, but he discovered that when he crowded me against him that he reduced the furrow to a minimum, and thus pulling at once became easier. This of course ruined the appearance of my ploughing, and I simply could do nothing to prevent it. One day I found an old Indian steel arrowhead in the valley. It was barbed and sharp. I inserted it in a board which I suspended on Jack's Off side, from the back-band. I hitched up the oxen to the plough and started down the furrow. There had been some rain and the going was fairly good. The team stepped along briskly enough for a while; then they came to a tough spot, and to ease himself Bob leaped up against Jack's side. A sharp prick in his hide made him stop almost instantly. He then stopped in his tracks, and regarded his companion more in sorrow than in anger. Then as if to make sure that was Jack that was the cause of his hurt he leaned up against him good and hard. Of course he got quite a prick and some spots of blood began to show on his skin. There was no longer any doubt. Jack was the cause of his trouble. He took one quick step ahead, drew up his hind foot to his ear and delivered a tremendous kick on the snout of his unconscious mate. Instantly both oxen were in a tangle of chains and harness and I wept tears of rage before I had them disengaged.

When I had Bob and Jack with another yoke on the gang plow I still had trouble with this provoking white brute. Whenever he espied a specially tempting bit of grass on the prairie he would step out of the furrow and reach for it, throwing all my ploughing into confusion. One day my father drove up in his buckboard and serenely criticized my style of

ploughing. He undertook to show me how to drive oxen. Accordingly he seated himself on the plough and swinging the mighty whip, started the oxen down the furrow. All went well until Bob decided to reach for a mouthful of grass. Neither the whip nor shouts were of any avail. When Bob went after anything, he stood not upon the order of his going. He had his mouthful and then stumbled back to the furrow dragging his team mates, plough and all with him. My father sank the plough deep into the ground, halted the whole caravan and shortening the whipstock dealt Bob a severe blow on the side. The whipstock broke and my father, thoroughly exasperated, cast it aside and aimed a swift kick at the muzzle of the provoking beast. Bob saw the kick coming and dodged like a practised boxer. My father's toe came in violent contact with the iron shod tongue of the plough. He gave a couple of vigorous roars, remarked something to himself in an undertone, and hobbling to his buckboard drove off without another word. I coughed discreetly behind my hand.

The following spring I had an adventure in which these four oxen figured which might easily have had a tragic termination.

It was a very windy day, and while ploughing in some oats, which grew in the bottom of a long, narrow, neighbour, M. G. Miller, burning some nearby stubble. His hand marched along with ours, but between us and the valley there was a full section of prairie land rank with old bottom that would make a rare blaze if fire ever got away in it. There came a sudden gust of wind and I saw the fire get out of hand and commence to send leaping tongues across the stubble in the direction of the prairie.

There was only one thing to do and that was to try and plough a furrow in the path of the fire and beat out the flames before it could leap and implement. Accordingly I hustled the oxen to the end of the furrow and commenced to turn over the sod in what I thought would be the most favorable place to arrest the flames. I was in amongst some long grass when I saw the fire fanned by a fierce gust leap the little trail that bordered the stubble and leap in the cold old bottom of the prairie, come roaring and crackling towards me, sending thick low volumes of smoke in advance. The heat of the flame was very wide. Not only was the grass burning at the roots but the wind was throwing it into the top of the grass, many feet ahead.

The oxen shot into this to a considerable height and it was altogether a most damning looking configuration that was rushing towards me as fast as a horse might gallop.

My first thought was to let the oxen free and I commenced to unharness them, but I had not cast one trace chain loose when the smoke was upon me dense and choking. I threw the plow deep in the ground in the hope that the oxen urged by the fire, might break through their harness and escape; then I had to look out for myself. I wore a heavy corduroy suit with breeches and riding boots. I tore off my coat and wrapping it around my face darted back through the fire.

I could feel the flames shriveling the skin on my face and arms and was almost suffocated. I lay on the back and buried prairie to my neck and the fire for several minutes and then I managed to open one eye. The fire had gone rushing down in the direction of the valley which was a quarter of a mile away. The gang plow was standing where I had left it, but there was no sign of oxen. A man who had been on the other side of the fire had seen them racing in front of it until they found the slough full of water into

which they had plunged. Bob, as usual, lagged in the rear and had all the hair burnt off his tail and flanks, but otherwise was not much injured. They had burst from the harness when assailed by the flames, as if it had been twine. I was in the slough for hours and rushed towards the granary where I knew there was some water. I plunged head first into a barrel of water, but as some bluestone was being dissolved in it, it nearly drove me mad with agony. I hurried down towards the house in the valley and found that tongues of fire were already backing up along the ridges and threatening the house and stables. There were no men about the place, but my two sisters, girls of fourteen and sixteen, came out with bags and under my direction beat back the fire. However, despite all our efforts it did not seem as if we could save the buildings and we were forced to give up when there was a thunder of hoofs and the N.W.M.P. on fire patrol duty, accompanied by a couple of stalwart farmers galloped up. They soon had breaks burned around the house and I was able to have my burns attended to. My mother very carefully washed and dried off my face and arms and anointed me with olive oil. Very soon water blisters as big as hen's eggs began to appear and the pain was almost intolerable. It seemed as if I would be scarred for life, but for several days my mother kept application of sweet oil constantly on my burns and I made a quick recovery.

There were real prairie fires in those days. There was no settlement between Qu'Appelle and Saskatchewan and each year either in spring or fall great tracts of country were burned. Many a poor settler in a dry fall, lost all his winter's feed and was hard put to bring his stock through the cold weather. These fires were not usually dangerous to human life. The one I experienced, however, was under unusual conditions. The wind was very high and the flames had old bottom as dry as tinder to feed upon.

This happened in the spring of 1891 which was, I think, the most favorable season among many for growing crops on the Regina plains. Everything seemed favorable. All during June and July there were heavy thunder showers alternating with hot sunshines and one could almost see the growing things as they grew. Towards the harvest it dried up and there was ideal ripening weather. Our limed crop had been put in under the most favorable conditions.

We were inexperienced and had not learned how to farm properly, nevertheless we reaped about 40 bushels to the acre of excellent barley. No, I had a grain that in recent years has been somewhat out of fashion. The prairie people were heartened in their work and there was an air of optimism over everything.

There was no stock threshing in those days and in the fall of the year the plains south of the Qu'Appelle valley was dotted with grain stacks that presented an affluent and comforting appearance. Many a prairie housewife that season was able to obtain some little comforts in her farm kitchen, to which she had long been a stranger. It was, however, the least prosperous year until 1895. 1892 was pretty dry; 1893 was dry still and in 1894, the blackest year of the prairie, not a crop was raised between May and October. Very few farmers had grain and seed. One of the neighbors had considerably over 100 acres in wheat in '94 and he cut some of it and made a couple of small stacks.

The threshing outfit drew in at dark one night intending to start operations in the morning. During the night, however, a couple of pigs got loose and what was left was not worth threshing in the morning. Good seasons, however, started after that and there has not been a real failure on the Regina plains since.

*Z. M. Hetherington*

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We will pay \$15 to \$30 weekly for your spare time writing short cards, no experience required. Write to Z. M. Hetherington, CAREER BUREAU, DEPT. C, CURRIE BLDG., 209 College St., Toronto.

## CURRENT COMMENT

ON MATTERS OF PUBLIC INTEREST TO DWELLERS IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES OF CANADA

A SERIES OF ARTICLES DEALING WITH VARIOUS WESTERN QUESTIONS

### ECONOMISTS ON CANADA'S TRADE

American economic writers are at present devoting considerable attention not only to the trade relations between Canada and the United States but to the possibilities of Canada's economic and commercial expansion.

It is being borne in upon that despite the vast natural resources of their own country they have become dependent upon Canada for certain manufactured essentials. One writer points out that instead of receiving from us only raw materials Canada is now exporting to the States large quantities of manufactured materials. One article in a well known publication says:

"In former years what we took from Canada was for the most part natural products—that is, fish, lumber, ores and minerals, and agricultural produce; and we sold in return manufactures and such goods for consumption as her rigorous climate didn't permit her to grow. In some measure our trade still shows this character, but in a diminishing degree. More and more she is sending us, for example, leather in place of hides and skins, paper and pulp in place of the wood from which they are made, and with the aid of American capital and enterprise she is using her enormous water power to prepare for consumption of many of the natural products which she once sold as raw material. It is similarly significant that the value of the raw cotton we send is very much greater than the value of the finished cotton she takes, that she now makes more than 90 per cent of all the boots and shoes her people need instead of buying them from us and that among the most important of our exports to her are such natural products as coal and oil for her growing industries."

Development in Canada has not marched equally with that in the United States. There were many natural difficulties to be overcome before the wide and fertile spaces of the west could be settled. Our climate is rigorous, the country was vast, and we are only now coming to a realization of our potentialities.

### THE WORLD'S WATCH DOGS

Some months after the signing of the Armistice, a writer in the Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia, named George Pattullo, invited a storm of criticism from Canadians by writing an article which pandered to the spread eagle sentiment of the Americans. In it he sought to prove that the United States had been the deciding factor in winning the war. It was neither a credit to its author nor to the magazine which published it.

Since that time Mr. Pattullo has apparently experienced a change of heart.

In a recent issue of the same publication he has an article entitled "Watch Dogs of the World" which deals in an appreciative manner with Britain's extraordinary importance in the scheme of civilization.

After enumerating some of the external and internal difficulties which the Grand Old Empire is at present experiencing he says:

"Perhaps the most remarkable feature of national sentiment today in Canada is a growing national consciousness and pride in our country. The writer above quoted appears to have the real appreciation of Canadian sentiment when he says:

"Of even greater influence than the shrewd statesman policy is the second consideration, which consists in the will of her people that Canada shall be economically as well as politically independent; a well-rounded, self-conscious, self-reliant nationhood is the aim of all political parties in the Dominion."

"Yes, in my opinion the old lion would stand a deal of showing. These British have been weathering storms for a thousand years and nobody who knows them would be inclined to wager a shilling against their chances of winning through. Should they fail, the vast structure built up by centuries of patient toil, far-sighted diplomacy and prodigal outpouring of treasure will bring down in its crash the whole structure of European civilization, for Great Britain is the keystone of it. What that might mean to America is worth sitting up nights to think over."

Confidence in the outcome is inspired by their amazing recovery from the death grapple with Germany. It is one of the stupendous achievements of history.

"Knowing well what the effort had cost them, their sacrifices and losses in men and money, and with full appreciation of the derangement military demands had necessitated in the industrial machine, I was prepared to find a Britain still dazed and weak, groping its way back to normal. Instead I found a country pulsing with vigor, whose tides of life appeared to be flowing with all the irresistible strength of yore."

### AN EXILE BUT CONTENTED A WEALTHY BEGGAR WOMAN

Two years ago William Hohenzollern arrived at the Dutch frontier, a refugee emperor. Today he is leading in this little village the life of a Dutch country gentleman, doing just about as he pleases and going almost where he desires, about the countryside, so long as he stays within the territory which is controlled by the Dutch government.

The Associated Press correspondent has been told by those in close touch with the former emperor that during the past few months William has found much contentment in the life of his new estate here. He is said to feel certain that no further demands for his surrender will be made upon the Holland government.

When sanitary inspectors, accompanied by the police, forced their way into a lodging at Lyons occupied by a beggar woman and her child, the former may have found, amid a mass of rags, a sum of money in treasury bonds, a pass book showing a credit account of \$22,000, and a store of copper and silver coins.

The sanitary inspectors had come armed with an order for the compulsory cleaning of the rooms, which had become a danger to public health.

The beggar woman, who is 80, had collected the money during 60 years.

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outwear any other rubber  
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are pressed and cured under the same high pressure process that puts into automobile tires the wear resisting qualities which enables them to carry 10-ton trucks thousands of miles over rocks and through mud and snow. This process is used in the making of INVINCIBLES RUBBER FOOTWEAR.

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With the new rubber tire you can save out of your car expenses in the way of mileage.

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It's just because we've taken the trouble to figure values that way, that we recommend Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes."

We know they are giving real mileage over the worst roads in the country and their "average" performance leaves no doubt in our minds that Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" will give you the cheapest mileage you can buy. And they are guaranteed without time or mileage limits. Drop in and let us show you and tell you about

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**Buy Your Printed  
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Why give your commercial printing to outsiders who leave you nothing in return?

This office is WELL EQUIPPED to supply all your needs and we spend what we make in this town.

**The Didsbury Pioneer****Alberta's Agricultural Schools**

A unique souvenir which makes a very striking forest protection appeal has just been issued by the Dominion Parks Branch of the Department. It forms part of an exceptionally vigorous and novel campaign inaugurated by the Branch a few years ago with a view to educating the travelling public as to the need for greater care with regard to fire while in the National parks. For three months each summer there is one dread which constantly haunts every superintendent, warden and official in charge of the parks and that is that a fire may break out in some part of the parks and, helped by favouring circumstances, get beyond control, wiping out miles of forests. The very existence of National parks depends upon forest protection. If the forests are seriously damaged by fire the beauty of the park is gone. Investigation carried on by departmental officials over a number of years shows that the large majority of fires are man-caused. A half burnt match carelessly dropped, a cigarette stub tossed out of a car window or along the trails, the ashes of an improperly extinguished camp fire, under favourable conditions, are enough to start the mischief. The increasing stream of travel to the parks augments this danger. Last season there were 75,000 visitors to the Banff Park alone, thousands of whom were on the trails. It is obvious that no warden service however vigilant can protect 16,000 square miles of forest in the parks without the co-operation of the travelling public. The most important part of the forest protection work is to keep fires from starting and this can only be done by educating the tourist to use greater care with regard to fire.

The souvenir now being issued shows the form of a charm or fetish such as was formerly carried by the Indians of the West to insure person, good fortune and to ward off harm and disease. It is a small aluminum coin bearing the figure of the buffalo, which was believed to be the strongest "medicine" of all the animals since the buffalo was sacred to the sun and supposed to transfer "sun power" to those whom he took under his protection. The coin is enclosed in an attractive envelope facsimile of an Indian pouch in which such charms were usually carried. The original of this pouch is in the Government Museum at Banff. The charm is accompanied by a small leaflet telling the Indian legend and making a forest protection appeal.

In issuing this souvenir the branch evidently had in mind the fact that people usually slip a coin of this nature into their pocket or purse and carry it indefinitely. In this case one finds that they sell it, it will serve to remind them of the need for greater care with regard to fire and so help to build up a "safety first" habit which will benefit the cause of fire protection not only in the national parks but generally throughout the Dominion.

**A Big Market**

There is a busy market place in Alberta used by 100,000 people and through the medium of this big exchange paper trading, buying and selling, etc., is done every day than by any other means. Where is it? In the classified section of the Calgary Herald, Alberta's greatest newspaper and the fourth largest classified medium in the Dominion. People who keep in touch with this great market save time and money. If you are not already a subscriber send your order today to Miss Clara Cummings, Didsbury.

**NOTICE**

The Municipal District of Westerdale No. 311 will pay a Gopher Bounty of 2¢ per tail up to May 15th, 1921, and 1¢ per tail from May 15th to July 15th, 1921, for gophers caught within the Municipality. Tails may be turned in to any of the Councillors or Overseers.

A. McNaughton,  
Secy. Treas. 3c17

**Wanted and For Sale Ads.**

One insertion 50¢; two or more insertions 35¢ each.

**WANTED**—At once a suitable Govt. test 97. Apply Bert Cressman, housekeeper, elderly, English speaking. Phone 118. 4p15

**FOR SALE**—2 Teams heavy working horses, sound and well broken and good gang plow. Apply Burns Bros. Phone 502 Didsbury. 3c16

**FOR SALE**—One Baby Carriage in good order. Will fold up. By Fulton—price \$15. One baby walker, steel frame, will also fold up. Price \$10.00. Apply at the house. W. McReeves. 1p16

**LOST**—Black mare, wgt. about 1200, branded lazy S with anchor attached on left shoulder, had halter and rope on. \$10 reward will be given to finder. Please notify O. H. Roberts, Didsbury. 4p16

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE**—A section and three quarters, well adapted for mixed farming, good buildings, springs. Will exchange equity for smaller farm in Didsbury or Crowsnest district. Box 43, Innis. 2p17

**WANTED**—General farm hand. Apply Pioneer Office. 1p15

**WANTED**—To pasture about fifteen head of horses. Applications to be in by April 25th. Apply J. A. Essler, Didsbury. Phone 1715. 3c15

**FOR SALE**—Flaxseed at \$2.00 a bushel. Apply J. W. Brown. 2c15

**FOR SALE**—5 Teams young and in good shape. 3 sets work horses: Good buggy; Highwheel cart; 2 Manitou wagon double box; Hay rack; 100 bushels seed oats, uncleaned

**FOR SALE**—Why not sow Bromegrass, the hay and pasture grass par excellence for this part of the country. I have still a quantity of seed for sale at 15¢ per lb. sacks extra. Apply Theo. Reist, Phone 693 Didsbury. 4c13

**Public Sale**

On Friday, April 22nd, 1921, at the home of White Bros. N. W. quarter 6-31-4. W 5th Mer., 16 miles west of Didsbury.

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada will offer for sale the following live stock:

Team mares: 13 Milk Cows to freshen; 15 Range Cows; 6 Head of young steers; 3 Heifers; 10 Yearling Calves.

Soldier Settlers with approved loans may purchase through the Field Supervisor who will act as Clerk of Sale.

**TERMS**:—Cash.  
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Customers Are**

IT seems elementary that sales energy should be concentrated in this district where the goods you have to sell are purchased.

THE PIONEER offers you 1200 good reliable readers in this vicinity that are willing and do buy immense quantities of merchandise. They have been educated to buy from those firms that are not afraid to quote their merchandise through advertisements and you can't hold them responsible for doing business with firms who are progressive enough to use the force of publicity. Be honest, tell the truth and your advertisement in the PIONEER will bring you business, too.

To get our rates all you have to do is to ask. Do it today, or telephone No. 12 and a representative will call.

**The Didsbury Pioneer**

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useful to the majority of our readers. Address your letters to "Prairie Woman," 903 McCallum Hill Building, Regina, Sask.

### The Woman by His Side

By Vivian Yeiser Larimore  
We are lavish in our praise;  
Of the fellow who succeeds;  
He is lifted to each shoulder  
While the crowd proclaims his  
deeds;

Bands of music go before him,  
Mounted guards on fiery steeds  
And we spread for him a banquet,  
On the fatted calf he feeds,  
While a hundred toasts are chant-  
ed

To the fellow who succeeds.

But there's very little mention  
Of the woman by his side—  
Of the woman who has helped  
him,  
Who has struggled and denied;  
Of the woman who has cheered  
him  
When his hope had all but  
died.  
Twas her love that urged him  
forward  
'Cross Discouragement's swift  
tide—  
Tis of her I would be speaking,  
Of the woman by his side.

**The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Orders.**

### REMOVING STAINS

#### Bluing

Sometimes a dress has been left too long in the bluing, with the result that there is a dark blueish stain on the fabric. It is easy enough to get rid of this spot if you only know the secret. Soak the stain in a little kerosine and wash it out with naphtha soap.

#### Stains on Carpet or Wall

Sometimes the boys will track into the house the crude oil or dirt from the street, which leaves a disfiguring place on the carpet. If a stain from oil or soot has injured the carpet rub the place with a dry starch, flour or salt. With a whisk brush remove as much dirt as possible and use any of these dry remedies that are suggested.

#### Fruit Stains

For a fruit stain on a pretty dress, if taken quickly, first rub on a little salt or borax, then pour boiling water through the stained part. If this stain has been on for some time use a weak solution of oxalic acid, taking care to wash it out again immediately after. Jav- elle water which the druggist has for sale is a good remedy for fruit stains. But it must be used only on white things, as it takes out color as well as stains. Tomato juice and salt may be applied and the dress hung out in the sun. For fresh peach stains, which are especially difficult to remove, lemon and salt seems to be the most effective remedy.

Tom Cranfill, of Texas, prominent in oil circles of late, tells the story of a minister who had discovered oil on some land he owned. The minister invited some of his deacons to go with him to the field to determine what might share in the opportunities.

They were breakfasting at the local eating house and had decided that they would order chicken. When the waitress, a calico-minned and peroxide-miss, came up, the minister inquired, "How is the chicken this morning?" "All right, kiddo!" she retorted. "How are you?"

What a tendency there is today among young people to think that the sin does not matter so much as the being found out, or being publicly disgraced. I was talking to a young woman recently who could not seem to realize that public disgrace was merely the result of wrongdoing and not nearly as important as the wrongdoing itself. She was nineteen years of age, and had been brought up under so-called Christian influence, but it was impossible to convince her. Surely there is something wrong in the home training which will send a young woman into the world with such a viewpoint, and every true mother must feel it to be her duty to inculcate into her sons and daughters high ideals as to what is right and wrong and to make them feel that it is the sin, not what other people think of the sin, which is really harmful to them.

I shall be glad to have letters from you on any subject of interest to you and will reply to same promptly. One dollar will be awarded to the Household Hint or recipe which we consider most feasible.

"I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after I had used one can of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment the hair was healed." —Miss Lillian Ferguson, Mississauga, Ontario, Feb. 24, 1919.

## Women's Corner.

A FEW RAMBLING REMARKS  
BY A PRAIRIE WOMAN

Have you ever heard the beginning of a curse? It is "May you always have everything you want." Do you smile? Yet just imagine each one of us with no desire left unfulfilled, no incentive to fresh effort, nothing left which we longed to be or do, or which we longed for some other person to be or do, but even expectation of some has completed our work taken away. What life would be worth living? I wonder. Would a wise mother really wish for her young son or daughter that he or she should be given everything immediately what they wanted? Just let us glance back into the years which have passed in our own lives. How many times can we recall that if we had had that which we so ardently believed we really wanted at certain crises, it would have meant disaster? There is over us an Almighty Providence which, no matter how we may dislike to believe it, often saves us from ourselves by wisely withholding from us that which we want. How like little children we are sometimes! A child will wait for the matches, or for some dangerous sharp instrument with which to play and he believes im-

## CUTICURA HEALED BABY'S RINGWORM!

On Head, Crosses and Frotul.  
Hair Fell Out.

"My baby has been troubling old her head for a week. I am afraid and then in a week it broke out in ringworms. The ringworms were very bad and caused her to lose several strands of her hair, and her scalp would bleed. She was very cross and fidgety at times, and her hair was falling out."

"I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after I had used one can of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment the hair was healed." —Miss Lillian Ferguson, Mississauga, Ontario, Feb. 24, 1919.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for all toilet purposes.

Send 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c. Send 50c, Soap 25c, Talcum 25c. Gillett's Lye, Limited, 511 Peel Street, Montreal, Quebec. Cuticura Soap comes without tin.

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50 SHIPMAN CHAMBERS • OTTAWA, CANADA

## INVENTIONS

"I want you to publish these poems in book form," said a seddy-looking man to the London publisher.

Publisher—"I'll look 'em over; but I cannot promise to bring them out unless you have a well-known name."

Poet—"That's all right. My name is known; wherever the English language is spoken."

"Ah, indeed! What is your name?"

"John Smith."

## SOME SASKATCHEWAN LAWS FOR WOMEN

### Aid to Expectant Mothers

To those who do not know, it may be of interest to learn that any expectant mother in the province who, for financial reasons may be unable to procure the necessary hospital, nursing aid or clothing for herself or her expected child, may obtain assistance to the extent of \$25.00 by making application to the Commissioner of Public Health. Such application should be made through the vital statistics registrar of the district in which she resides, and should receive his endorsement or approval, or that of the secretary-treasurer or reeve of the municipality, or of someone else in an official position.

This assistance is not given in cities or towns, but is intended especially for mothers in outlying districts where the doctor is put to a heavy expense in attending the patient. The money may be applied in bringing such a mother to a hospital and it may be arranged to pay it direct to the hospital, or to the nurse, or in fact it may be applied in any way which in the opinion of the Commissioner of Public Health will prove of most benefit to the expectant mother.

The province of Saskatchewan is the only province doing this work in Canada, and indeed it is not carried on anywhere else in North America.

### The Joy of Being

By John Kendrick Bangs

Whither my road is leading me?  
Perhaps I do not know;

But, oh, the path is fair to see,  
And sweet the winds that blow,

In sun or storm, by day or night,  
If skies are lowering or bright.

The highroad holds so much delight

I run with heart aglow.

The lanes may thorny be, and

To steps heart-breaking high;

The forests wild with bush and

weed.

My strength may mortify;

Yet, with resolve to do and dare,  
I hold within my small care

For hazards spread o'er pathways

where

The goals worth winning lie.

It is enough to live and plan,

To joy in earth and sea;

To do what things a mortal can,

With spirit blithe and free;

To prove one's strength of soul,

And will

To meet and overcome the ill,

And in the end to gain the thrill

Of manful mastery!"

Munsey's.

Martha took Glory by the hand and the younger girl, apparently nothing loth to be quiet after her escapade, squatted beside the deck chair in which Martha sat, and her blue eyes, fringed with their dark lashes looked wistfully out over the sea.

(To be Continued.)

## CLEANLINESS IS HEALTH

By the use of Gillett's Lye, house cleaning is made a pleasure instead of a drudgery. It softens the water and cleans thoroughly whether the dirt is visible or invisible. Destroys all bacteria and infectious germs. removes obstructions from drain pipes, closets, sinks, etc. Refrigerators are made delightfully fresh and clean by using one teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye dissolved in two gallons of water.

## "GILLETT'S LY EATS DIRT"

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